DIGITAL THEATRE+

ACTIVATE: ARTHUR MILLER

Death of a Salesman

The Digital Theatre+ Activate series provides teachers with a variety of ready-made materials including quizzes, relationship maps and plot summary worksheets for teaching a specific text. This guide will help you save time creating engaging and relevant activities for your students.

Content and activities in this pack have been extracted and adapted from our <u>Death of a Salesman Study Guide</u> written by Ed Madden. The study guide can be used as a source for revision and additional information as you use these activities in your classroom.

In this guide you will find:

Relationship Maps

- Version 1
- Version 2
- Version 3

Plot Summary Worksheet

Plot summary worksheet with answers

Quiz Questions

- Quiz questions with answers
- Quiz questions multiple choice
- Quiz questions multiple choice with answers

Suggested Assignments

- Characters
- Themes
- Language
- Context





RELATIONSHIP MAPS

Our relationship maps provide you and your students with a visual representation of how the characters in the play are all connected. These can be given to your students to help further understand character relationships while reading the text or can be used as a revision tool and for assessments.

On the following pages, you'll find three versions of the relationship map:

Version 1: Relationship map showing character names and relationships

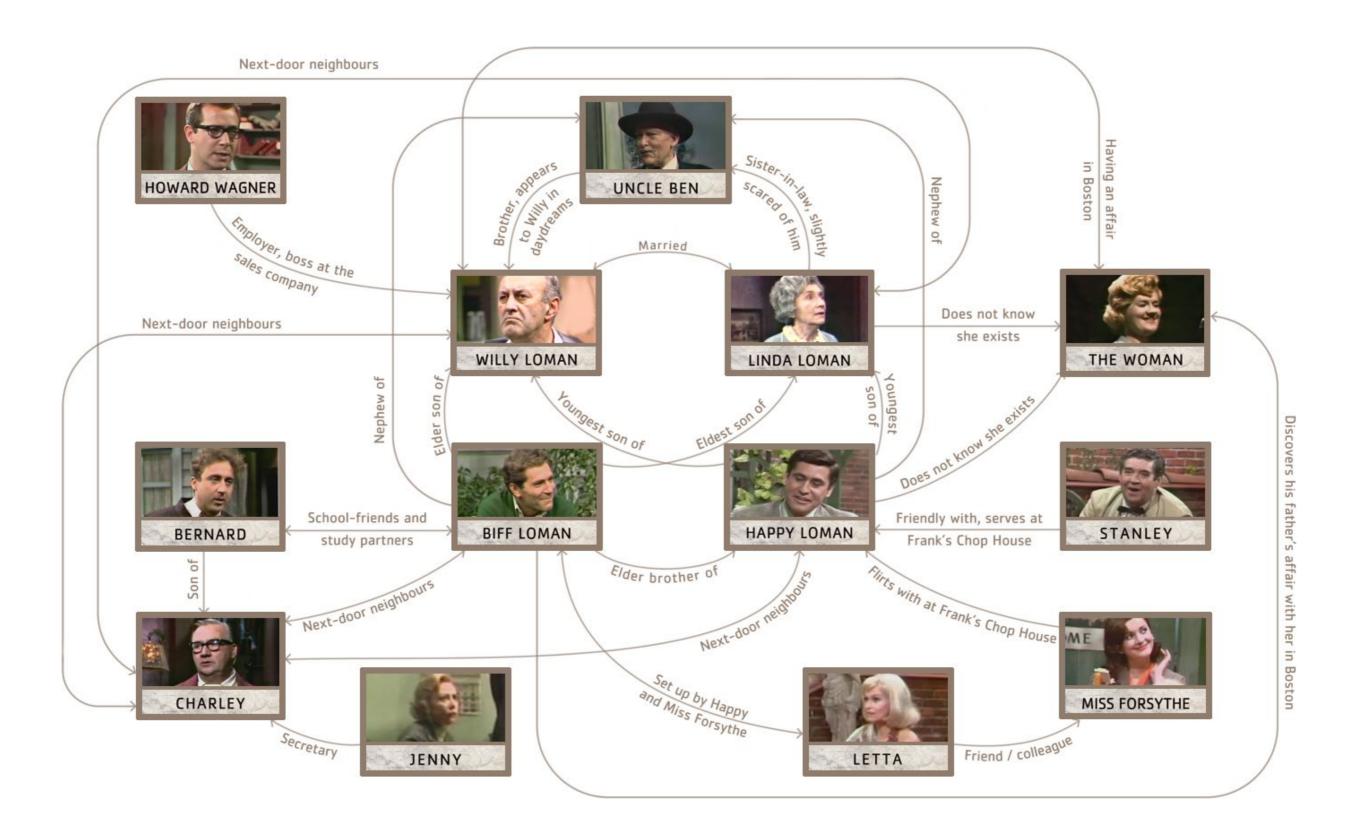
Version 2: Relationship map without character names

Version 3: Relationship map without relationship descriptions.

All images for our relationship maps have been taken from the Broadway Digital Archive production of *Death of a Salesman*.

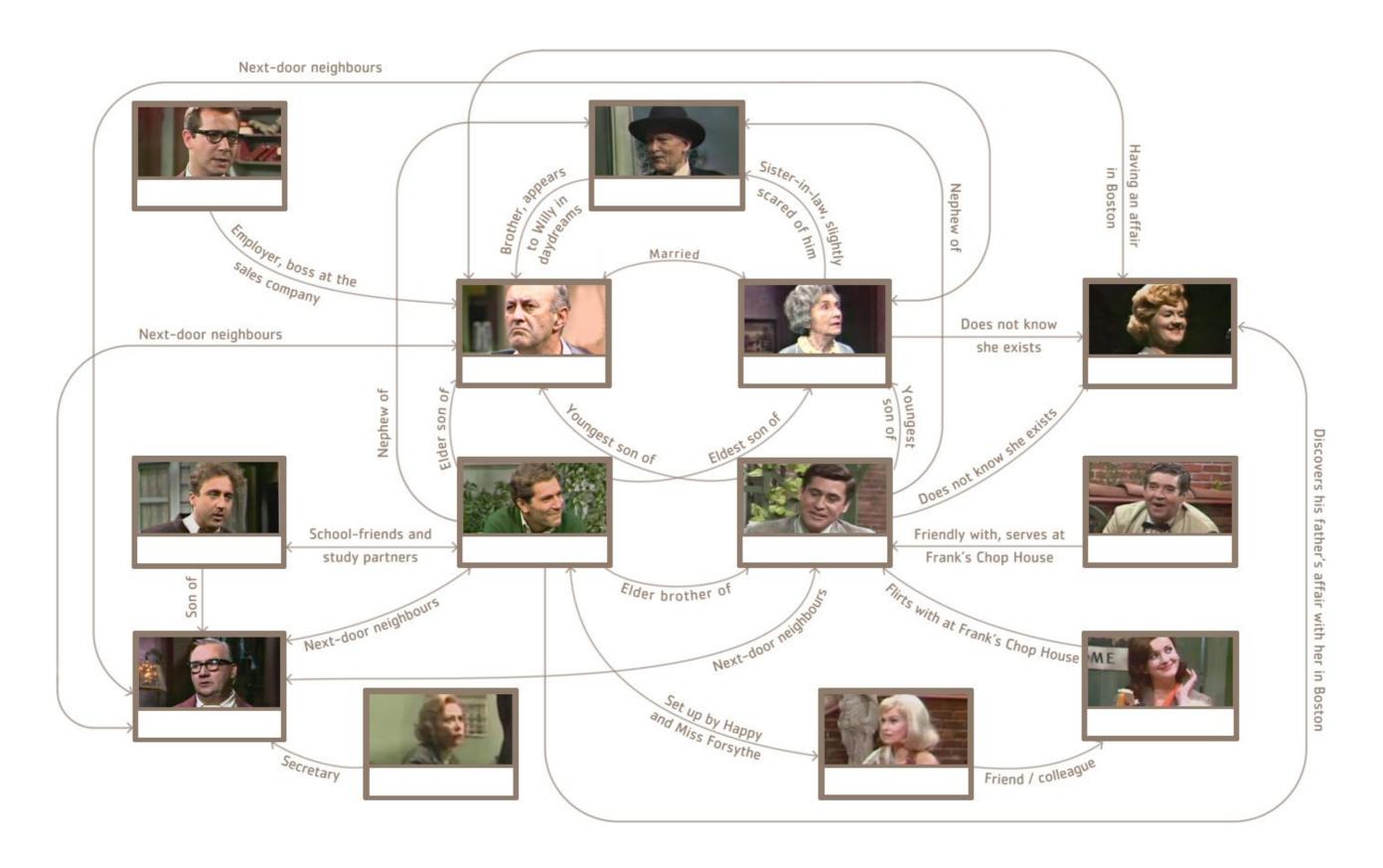


RELATIONSHIP MAP: VERSION 1





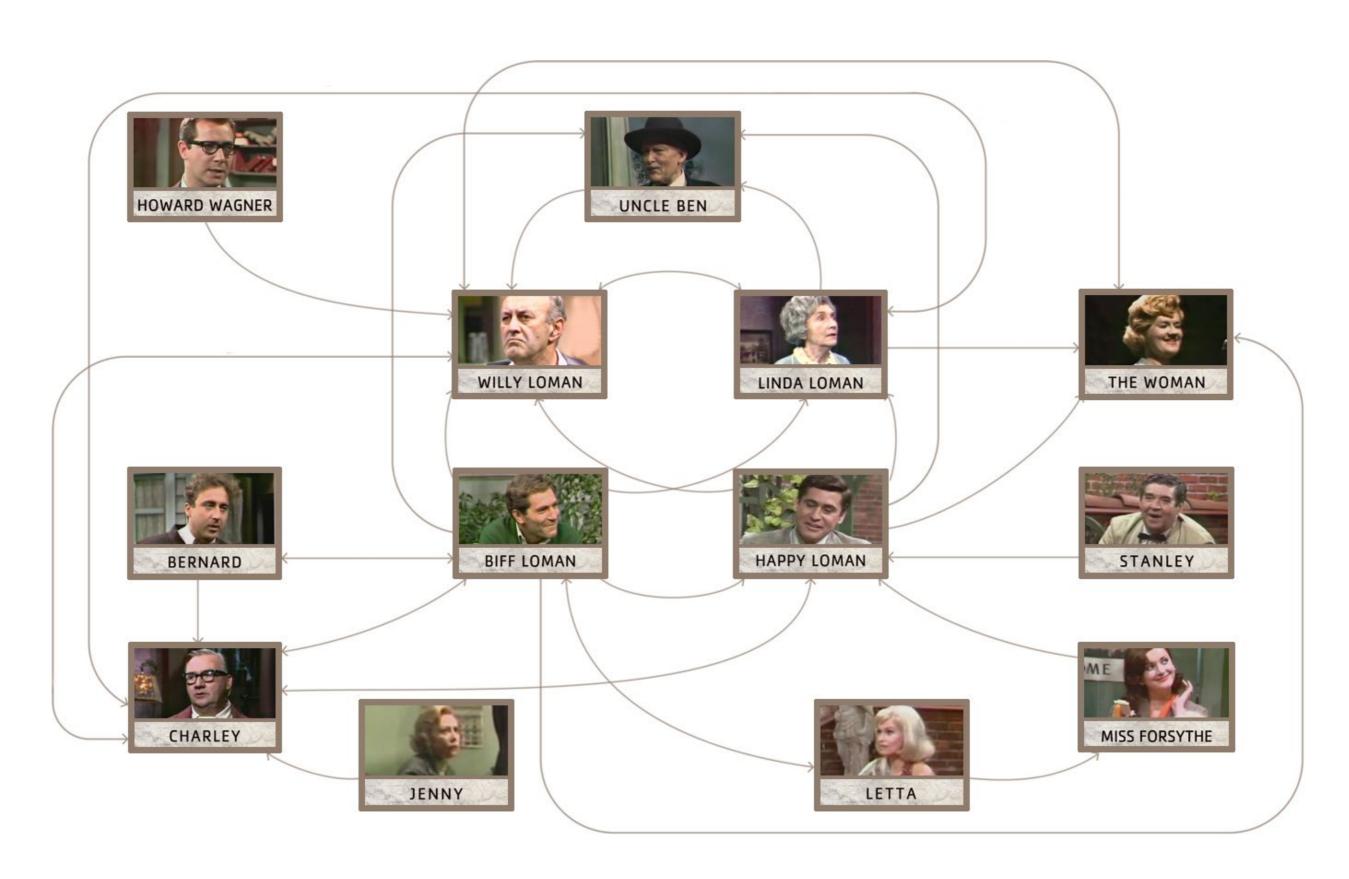
RELATIONSHIP MAP: VERSION 2





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RELATIONSHIP MAP: VERSION 3







PLOT SUMMARY WORKSHEET

ACT 1

1)	Where and when does the play take place?
2)	At the beginning of the play, where is Willy Loman returning home from?
3)	When Willy complains to Linda about Biff, what does he complain about?
4)	When Willy talks to himself in the kitchen, what does this prompt Biff and Happy to discuss?
5)	What do Biff and Happy fantasise about doing?



Fir	nally, Willy admits:
WI	hen Linda questions him, he admits:
Fir	rst, Willy:
9)	Later in Willy's dream, when Linda asks about his day, how does he react?
8)	How does Willy react to what Bernard says?
7)	What does Bernard tell Biff during Willy's dream?
6)	In Willy's first dream in Act 1, what does he tell his sons he will do one day?



	How does Linda treat Willy in his dream?	
	What happens as a result of Willy thinking of his mistress?	
12)	What does Willy try to get Bernard to do and how does Bernar respond?	d
13)	When Happy comes downstairs and tries to quiet Willy, what doe Willy feel regret about?	:S
14)	Why does Willy yell at Happy?	



15)	While Charley and Willy play cards, what does Charley offer Willy and what does Willy say?
16)	Why does Charley leave?
17)	What does Linda reveal to her sons that Charley has been doing?
18)	At the end of the act, when Biff is speaking to his mother, what does he call his father?
19)	What does Linda reveal about Willy's car accidents and his overall mental health?
20) What does Happy propose at the end of Act 1?



DT+

ACT 2

1)	At the beginning of Act 2, what does Linda remind Willy to do?
2)	Complete the sequence of events that occur in Howard's office.
	1) Willy asks Howard:
	2) Howard insists:
	3) Willy reacts by:
	4) Howard then:
3)	In Willy's daydream, what does Ben ask Willy and what is Willy's
res	sponse?
4)	What happens at Ebbets Field?
·	
Bit	'f :
Ch	arley:
Wi	lly:



5)	While visiting Charley's work, what does Bernard tell Willy he was always confused about?
6)	What does Charley offer Willy and how does Willy react?
	At the restaurant, what does Willy remember about Biff? Why is it important?
8)	When Biff and Happy come home from the restaurant, why does Linda tell them to leave and never come back?



9)	What happens between Biff and Willy in the garden?
W	hen Biff says he's leaving for good, Willy says:
Bi	ff confesses:
Bi	ff yells at Willy and urges him:
Af	ter Biff leaves, Willy brightens because:
10) What does Willy say to Ben in his hallucinatory conversation and how does Act 2 end?



REQUIEM

1)	Why is Linda bewildered at the funeral?
2)	What conflicting opinions about Willy do Biff and Charley express?
3)	What does Happy decide at the end of the play?
4)	What three things does Linda say at Willy's grave? 1) She tells him that she has made: 2) She apologises:
	3) She says that the family is:





QUIZ QUESTIONS

1)	Who is the c	entral charc	acter in the	play?
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2) In Act 1, who said the following:

"It's a measly manner of existence. To get on that subway on the hot mornings in summer. To devote your whole life to keeping stock, or making phone calls, or selling or buying. To suffer fifty weeks of the year for the sake of a two-week vacation, when all you really desire is to be outdoors, with your shirt off. And always to have to get ahead of the next fella. And still – that's how you build a future."

- 3) Name a Shakespearean play that is often compared to *Death of a Salesman*.
- 4) Name two things that the title Death of a Salesman refers to.
- 5) As Willy hides from the realities of his life in memories and imagined conversations, Miller develops the theme of ?
- 6) Who is the force of reason in the Loman family?
- 7) The Mistress is also referred to as _____ and

8) Choose a character from the Word Bank and write their name next to their character flaw.

Character Bank				
Ben	Biff	Нарру	Linda	Willy

Ch	ara	cter	FI	aw

Achieves no self-knowledge: _____



	Is blindly loyal:			
	Is a petty thief:			
	Has unfounded self-confidence:			
	Thinks cheating is the only way to win:			
9)	Which character serves as a representation of Will infidelity and guilt?	.y's w	eakness	3,
10)	What does Charley give Willy every week?			
11)	Which character exists to perpetuate the cycle of self-	destru	ıction?	
12)	Willy believes that most important thing a man can be	is	·	
13)	Ben discoveredin Africa and as a	result	becam	е
	a			
14)	Name two purposes served by the wire recorder How 2.	ard us	es in Ad	t
15)	Who is Jenny?			
16)	In Act 2 at the restaurant, Happy talks with the waiter and is later joined by his girlfriend			d
17)	In Act 2, who says "Where's my stockings? You stockings, Willy!"?	prom	ised m	e
18)	At the end of Act 2, Biff tells Willy they are both not spuses the phrase		men. H describ	
	their commonness.			





19) Fill in the name of the person who said the quote.

Quote	Who said it
"He's not the finest character that ever lived. But he's	
a human being, and a terrible thing is happening to	
him. So attention must be paid." (Act 1)	
"No, but it's a business, kid, and everybody's gotta	
pull his own weight." (Act 2)	
"A salesman is got to dream, boy. It comes with the	
territory." (Requiem)	
"He had a good dream. It's the only dream you can	
have – to come out number-one man. He fought it	
out here, and this is where I'm gonna win it for him."	
(Requiem)	

20) In Death of Salesman, Miller criticises what American ideal?



QUIZ QUESTIONS – MULTIPLE CHOICE

1)	Who is the central character of the p	olay?
	a) Happy Loman	c) Biff Loman
	b) Willy Loman	d) Linda Loman
2)	In Act 1, who said the following:	
	"It's a measly manner of existence." mornings in summer. To devote you making phone calls, or selling or bu year for the sake of a two-week vac is to be outdoors, with your shirt off. of the next fella. And still – that's ho a) Willy b) Bernard	ur whole life to keeping stock, or uying. To suffer fifty weeks of the cation, when all you really desire And always to have to get ahead
3)	Name a Shakespearean play that Salesman.	is often compared to Death of a
	a) Hamlet	c) King Lear
	b) King John	d) Macbeth
4)	Name two things that the title <i>Death</i>	n of a Salesman refers to.
	a) Death of American independence	d) Death of American Dream
	b) Death of Willy	e) Death of Linda
	c) Death of Biff	f) Death of American
		prosperity
5)	As Willy hides from the realities of h conversations, Miller develops the t	_
	a) Pride	c) Escape
	b) Jealousy	d) Ambition





6)	Who is the for a) Linda b) Willy	rce of reason	in the Lo		appy		
7)	The Mistress	is also referre	d to as _			and	
	a) The Female b) The Woma			•	ne Lady, M ne Girl, Mis	iss Jenny ss Forsythe	
8)	Choose a cho their characte		ne Word I	Bank (and write tl	heir name next to)
		(Characte	r Ban	k		
	Ben	Biff	Нарру		Linda	Willy	
	Is blindly lou Is a petty thi Has unfound	self-knowled yal: jef: ded self-confid ting is the onl	dence:				
9)	Which characinfidelity and		s a repr	esent	ation of V	Villy's weakness	,
	a) The Mistress			c) The Neighbour			
	b) The Secret	ary		d) Th	ne Lawyer		
10)	What does Ch	narley give W	illy everų	j wee	k?		
	a) Work			c) M	oney		
	b) Advice			d) Fo	ood		
11)	Which charac a) Ben b) Bernard	ter exists to p	erpetuat	c) Ho	cycle of se oward appy	elf-destruction?	



12) Willy believes that most important t	hing a man can be is
a) Well behaved	c) Well dressed
b) Well liked	d) Well read
13) Ben discovered	_in Africa and as a result became
a	
a) Gold, success	c) Diamonds, millionaire
b) Silver, businessman	d) Platinum, trailblazer
14) Name two purposes served by the 2.	wire recorder Howard uses in Act
a) It establishes Howard's	d) It explains what Howard's business is.
successful financial position.	
b) It shows off Howard's perfect	
family.	technical knowledge.
c) It demonstrates how	
multitalented Howard is.	
15) Who is Jenny?	
a) Willy's mistress	c) Biff's girlfriend
b) Happy's girlfriend	d) Howard's secretary
16) In Act 2 at the restaurant, Happy ta	lks with the waiter
and is later joined by his girlfriend	and her friend
a) Bill, Letta, Jenny	c) Stanley, Miss Forsythe, Letta
b) Ben, Linda, Miss Forsythe	d) Bernard, Jenny, Linda
17) In Act 2, who says "Where's my stockings, Willy!"?	y stockings? You promised me
a) Linda	c) Jenny
b) The Woman	d) Miss Forsythe





18) At the end of Act 2, Biff tells Willy they are both not special men. He uses the phrase ______ to describe their commonness.a) Blessing in disguise c) Fit as a fiddle

d) Dime a dozen

19) Draw a line from the name of the person who said the quote to the quote.

Quote	Who said it
"He's not the finest character that ever lived. But he's	Нарру
a human being, and a terrible thing is happening to	
him. So attention must be paid." (Act 1)	
"No, but it's a business, kid, and everybody's gotta	Howard
pull his own weight." (Act 2)	
"A salesman is got to dream, boy. It comes with the	Linda
territory." (Requiem)	
"He had a good dream. It's the only dream you can	Charley
have – to come out number-one man. He fought it out	
here, and this is where I'm gonna win it for him."	
(Requiem)	

- 20) In Death of Salesman, Miller criticises what American ideal?
 - a) The American Dream

b) Best of both worlds

- c) The American Pride
- b) The American Spirit
- d) The American Grit





SUGGESTED ASSIGNMENTS

CHARACTERS

Willy Loman is the central character and it's often through his eyes that we see the world of the play. Some critics have suggested that the inevitability of Willy Loman's death makes him a tragic hero.

ASSIGNMENT

Using the text of the play, respond to the following:

- "Willy is a bad father and cheating husband. He is not a tragic hero but an all-American villain." Using details from the play, explain why this statement is true or false.
- Consider the play's stage directions and, particularly, Willy's flute music. How does Miller use the music to inform the way we think about Willy as a character?

EXTENSION QUESTION

We never discover what product Willy actually sells. Why might this be?

Linda is the level-headed force of reason who attempts to keep the Loman family together. However, she is the most unknowable character in the play because we learn little of her interior life.

ASSIGNMENT

Using the text of the play, respond to the following:

- Do you think that "Miller's writing of Linda is under-developed and gives her no real qualities of her own"? Explain why or why not.
- Linda often serves as a mediator between her sons and husband.
 How does Miller's use of language equip her for this role?





Unlike his father, Willy, and brother, Happy, Biff is aware of his own failure, which he blames on his father. But by the end of the play, Biff is able to come to terms with his failure.

ASSIGNMENT

Using the text of the play, respond to the following:

- Is Biff right to blame Willy for his failure to succeed in the working world? Why or why not?
- Compare Biff's relationship with his father to that with his mother.
 How does Miller change the ways in which Biff speaks to them? Why might
 this be?
- "Biff is simultaneously the most tragic and the most hopeful character in the play". Explain why you agree or disagree with this statement citing specific details in the play.

Happy has much in common with his father, Willy Loman. Happy has Willy's unfounded self-confidence and he buys into Willy's delusions and ambitions.

ASSIGNMENT

Using the text of the play, respond to the following:

- Do you think we are meant to like Happy as a character? Why or why not?
- Some people feel that "Willy may die, but Happy is the play's greatest victim." Explain why you agree or disagree with this statement.

EXTENSION QUESTION

• Compare Happy and Biff's speech. In what ways does Miller differentiate the brothers through their dialogue?





Charley is Willy's long-suffering neighbour, who is not exactly friends with the Loman family, but does his best to help Willy in his time of need.

ASSIGNMENT

Using the text of the play, respond to the following:

- Do you think that "Miller writes Charley to show the audience the opposite of Willy Loman"? Why or why not?
- Look at Charley's monologue in the Requiem. What is its function and why is it important that it is Charley who says it?

In contrast to the sporty and popular Biff, Bernard is an academic type, constantly expressing his concern for Biff's grades and encouraging him to study for math. But while Biff has grown up to be aimless and unfulfilled, Bernard has achieved great success as a lawyer.

ASSIGNMENT

Using the text of the play, respond to the following:

- Bernard, along with Howard Wagner and Uncle Ben, is one of the most professionally successful characters in the play. How does he differ from these characters? Why might this be?
- Compare and contrast the relationship between Bernard and Charley with that of Willy and Biff. How are they similar and how are they different?

Brave, risk-taking and lucky, Ben is Willy's dead older brother.

ASSIGNMENT

Using the text of the play, respond to the following:

• What does Ben teach us about Willy's relationship with his father, who is absent from the play?





Willy may idolise his brother, but Linda is a little afraid of him. Why
might this be? How is the audience/reader meant to feel about the
character?

EXTENSION QUESTION

 Compare the character of Ben in Willy's memory to his character in Willy's imagined conversations with him. Analyse the differences in the two representations and discuss why you think they differ. How do the differences impact the audience/reader?

For the majority of the play, the audience knows Willy Loman's mistress as The Woman, though later her refers to her as Miss Francis.

ASSIGNMENT

Using the text of the play, respond to the following:

- What is the significance of The Woman not being assigned a name for the majority of the play?
- Are we supposed to view The Woman as being to blame in Willy's betrayal of Linda? Is there any sense in which we sympathise with her?

Howard is Willy's much younger boss, having inherited the company from his father.

ASSIGNMENT

Using the text of the play, respond to the following:

 Are we intended to view Howard as a cruel character because of his firing of Willy? Cite specific details from the play which support your opinion.





• Consider the conversation Willy and Howard have about Howard's father. What does their dialogue suggest about the differences between the father's and son's generations?





THEMES

THE AMERICAN DREAM

When we talk about the American Dream, we are talking about a national set of ideals that is seen to characterise life as it is lived in the United States. The phrase "American Dream" was popularised in 1931, described as a "... dream of a land in which life should be better and richer and fuller for every man, with opportunity for each according to his ability or achievement."

ASSIGNMENT

Using the text of the play, respond to the following:

- In what ways might the American Dream as viewed by Miller in 1949
 be different from the American Dream as we view it today?
- Death of a Salesman includes many "dream sequences" when Willy is lost in his own thoughts. How might these scenes reflect the play's theme of the American Dream?

EXTENSION QUESTION

• Divide into groups, each choosing a different character from the play. How does the chosen character respond to the idea of the American Dream? Have they achieved it? Are they looking for it? Is the dream itself different for different people?

BETRAYAL

ASSIGNMENT

Using the text of the play, respond to the following:

 We tend to think of "betrayal" as an act committed by wicked, treacherous villains. Make a list of all the betrayals you can think of in the play and decide whether or not you think they are villainous.
 If not, what are they? Is there such a thing as a necessary betrayal?





"No group of people betray one another more than families." In what
ways do the events of the play prove or disprove this statement?
Cite specific evidence and details from the text to support your
opinion.





LANGUAGE

THE TITLE

ASSIGNMENT

Using the text of the play, respond to the following:

 If you had to come up with another title for the play, what would it be and why?

EXTENSION QUESTION

What did you think of the title when you hadn't read the play? How
has that changed now that you have and what about Miller's writing
might have prompted this change? Cite specific evidence from the
text.

FIGURATIVE LANGUAGE AND IMAGERY

Figurative language is language where the meaning is not literal; the words mean something else other than their literal definition. In *Death of a Salesman*, Miller uses figurative language to assist him in strengthening the themes of the play.

ASSIGNMENT

Using the text of the play, respond to the following:

- Find three examples of figurative language in the play. Why has Miller chosen these specific words rather than any other expression?
- What images can you think of which recur throughout the play? How might we read them symbolically?





CONTEXT

POST-WWII AMERICA

The post-WWII era in the United States was a period of great economic prosperity. But not everyone benefited. The poorest citizens' situations didn't improve and, in fact, higher inflation made it harder for them to save money. But financial shifts weren't the only changes. The mindset of society shifted. There was a new social desire to conform to the norms and values of the majority and other people's perceptions became a greater factor in influencing behaviour.

ASSIGNMENT

Using the text of the play, respond to the following:

- Should we read the character of Willy Loman as a kind of "everyman" figure?
- Read the complete section from the Study Guide on "Context: Post-WWII America". This section explores how the play spoke to the specific social circumstances of 1949. Which issues might the play speak to when it is performed today?

EXTENSION QUESTION

 In pairs, debate whether Death of a Salesman is a "family drama" or a "political drama". What might the features of these two genres be?
 Can a play be both? Cite specific evidence from the text to support your opinion.





PLOT SUMMARY WORKSHEET – ANSWERS

ACT 1

1)	Where and when does the play take place?
Bro	ooklyn, New York 1949 / post-WWII
2)	At the beginning of the play, where is Willy Loman returning home from?
A f	ailed sales trip
3)	When Willy complains to Linda about Biff, what does Willy complain about?
	ly complains that Biff has failed to live up to the potential he showed a star athlete in high school.
4)	When Willy talks to himself in the kitchen, what does this prompt Biff and Happy to discuss?
Wil	ly's deteriorating mental health
5)	What do Biff and Happy fantasise about doing?
Bu	ying a ranch together in the West
6)	In Willy's first dream in Act 1, what does Willy tell his sons he will do one day?
	will open a business bigger and more successful than that owned by neighbour, Charley.





7) What does Bernard tell Biff during Willy's dream?

That Biff must study for his math class in order to avoid failing.

8) How does Willy react to what Bernard says?

Willy treats Bernard's recommendation and his overall intelligence as unimportant. Willy tells his sons that Bernard may be smart but he isn't "well liked" like Happy and Biff are.

9) Later in Willy's dream, when Linda asks about his day, how does he react?

First, Willy: brags of unprecedented success.

When Linda questions him, he admits: that he only made a fraction of what he claimed.

Finally, Willy admits: he's worried he's not good at his job.

10) How does Linda treat Willy in his dream?

Linda refuses to believe he isn't good at his job. She tells him how handsome he is.

11) What happens as a result of Willy thinking of his mistress?

Seeing Linda mending her stockings makes him feel guilty because he gave new stockings to his mistress, but his wife is mending old ones. As a result, he yells at Linda for mending her stockings and tells her to throw them away.





12) What does Willy try to get Bernard to do and how does Bernard respond?

Willy tries to get Bernard to give Biff the answers to the test, but Bernard tells Willy no, that he could get arrested for doing so. 13) When Happy comes downstairs and tries to quiet Willy, what does Willy feel regret about? Willy regrets not moving to Alaska with his brother Ben. 14) Why does Willy yell at Happy? Willy says Happy will never be able to look after him on a salary of \$70 a week while he's busy living a lifestyle of women and cars. 15) While Charley and Willy play cards, what does Charley offer Willy and what does Willy say? A job; Willy turns him down 16) Why does Charley leave? Willy accuses Charley of cheating while they're playing cards. 17) What does Linda reveal to her sons that Charley has been doing? Giving Willy money to pay the bills 18) At the end of the act, when Biff is speaking to his mother, what does Biff call his father?

A fake





19) What does Linda reveal about Willy's car accidents and his overall mental health?

She thinks the car accidents are suicide attempts and that Willy has also attempted to asphyxiate himself. She thinks his mental imbalance stems from him having lost his salary.

20) What does Happy propose at the end of Act 1?

That he and Biff open a sporting goods business together.





ACT 2

1) At the beginning of Act 2, what does Linda remind Willy to do?	
She reminds him to go visit Howard Wagner and to ask Howard to given him a non-travelling job.	⁄e
2) Complete the sequence of events that occur in Howard's office.	
 Willy asks Howard: for a desk job in New York. Howard insists: no such jobs exist and there's nothing he can do. Willy reacts by: becoming frustrated and angry. Howard then: fires Willy. 	
3) In Willy's daydream, what does Ben ask Willy and what is Willy response?	'S
Ben asks Willy to go to Alaska with him. Linda and Willy maintain the Willy will make his fortune without leaving New York.	at
4) What happens at Ebbets Field?	
Biff: plays his big football game. Charley: mocks Willy for the importance he places on the game. Willy: becomes furious with Charley.	
5) While visiting Charley's work, what does Bernard tell Willy he wo always confused about?	Sr
He is confused as to why Biff didn't retake maths in summer school, havir	ıg
been set on doing so until a visit to Willy in Boston, after which he gav	⁄e
up hope of going to college.	



6) What does Charley offer Willy and how does Willy react?

Charley offers Willy a job again and again Willy refuses. Willy gets angry and leave the office in tears.

7) At the restaurant, what does Willy remember about Biff? Why is it important?

Willy remembers Biff finding him with his mistress. Biff accuses Willy of giving Linda's stockings to the mistress and calls his father a phony liar. The scene is important because it explains why Biff never retook his maths and didn't go to college.

8) When Biff and Happy come home from the restaurant, why does Linda tell them to leave and never come back?

Because they left Willy alone in the restaurant bathroom .

9) What happens between Biff and Willy in the garden?

When Biff says he's leaving for good, Willy says: that Biff is throwing his life away.

Biff confesses: that he was in prison for three months for having stolen a suit

Biff yells at Willy and urges him: to accept his commonness.

After Biff leaves, Willy brightens because: Biff cried and therefore he concludes that Biff must like him.

10) What does Willy say to Ben in his hallucinatory conversation, and how does Act 2 end?

Willy talks with Ben about how far Biff could go with the \$20,000 from his life insurance policy and that he is contemplating suicide so his family can cash it in. He speeds away in a car to commit suicide.





REQUIEM

1) Why is Linda bewildered at the funeral? Because the Loman family, Charles and Bernard are the only mourners at Willy's funeral and she wonders where all the friends he bragged about 2) What conflicting opinions about Willy do Biff and Charley express? Biff states that Willy never really knew who he was and had all the wrong dreams. In contrast, Charley defends Willy, saying that a salesman has to dream or he is lost. 3) What does Happy decide at the end of the play? To stay in the city and fulfil Willy's dreams by becoming a top businessman. 4) What three things does Linda say at Willy's grave? 1) **She tells him that she has made:** the last payment on the house. 2) **She apologises:** for not being able to cry. 3) She says that the family is: finally free.





QUIZ QUESTIONS – ANSWERS

1) Who is the central character in the play?

Answer: Willy Loman

2) In Act 1, who said the following:

"It's a measly manner of existence. To get on that subway on the hot mornings in summer. To devote your whole life to keeping stock, or making phone calls, or selling or buying. To suffer fifty weeks of the year for the sake of a two-week vacation, when all you really desire is to be outdoors, with your shirt off. And always to have to get ahead of the next fella. And still – that's how you build a future."

Answer: Biff

3) Name a Shakespearean play that is often compared to Death of a Salesman.

Answer: King Lear

- 4) Name two things that the title Death of a Salesman refers to. **Answer:** Willy's death, the death of Willy's dream, the death of the American people's dreams in an unjust financial system
- 5) As Willy hides from the realities of his life in memories and imagined conversations, Miller develops the theme of

Answer: escape

6) Who is the force of reason in the Loman family?

Answer: Linda

7) The Mistress is also referred to as and

Answer: The Woman; Miss Francis





8) Choose a character from the Word Bank and write their name next to their character flaw.

		Character	Bank	
Ben	Biff	Нарру	Linda	Willy

Answers:

Achieves no self-knowledge: Willy
Is blindly loyal: Linda
Is a petty thief: Biff
Has unfounded self-confidence: Happy
Thinks cheating is the only way to win: Ben

9) Which character serves as a representation of Willy's weakness, infidelity and guilt?

Answer: The Woman / The Mistress / Miss Francis

10) What does Charley give Willy every week?

Answer: Money; \$50

- 11) Which character exists to perpetuate the cycle of self-destruction?
 Answer: Happy
- **12)** Willy believes that most important thing a man can be is _____. **Answer:** well liked
- 13) Ben discovered ______in Africa and as a result became a _____.

Answer: diamonds, millionaire (or success)

14) Name **two** purposes served by the wire recorder Howard uses in Act 2.

Answer: It makes him distracted so he doesn't have any real time for Willy. It establishes Howard's financial position because it's a



modern, expensive gadget; this is a contrast to Willy's financial position. It shows off his perfect family, which contrasts with Willy's.

15) Who is Jenny?

Answer: Howard's secretary

16) In Act 2 at the restaurant, Happy talks with the waiter ____ and is later joined by his girlfriend ____ and her friend ____.

Answer: Stanley, Miss Forsythe, Letta

17) In Act 2, who says "Where's my stockings? You promised me stockings, Willy!"?

Answer: The Woman

18) At the end of Act 2, Biff tells Willy they are both not special men. He uses the phrase ______ to describe their commonness.

Answer: dime a dozen

19) Fill in the name of the person who said the quote.

Answers:

Quote	Who said it
"He's not the finest character that ever lived. But he's	Linda
a human being, and a terrible thing is happening to	
him. So attention must be paid." (Act 1)	
"No, but it's a business, kid, and everybody's gotta	Howard
pull his own weight." (Act 2)	
"A salesman is got to dream, boy. It comes with the	Charley
territory." (Requiem)	
"He had a good dream. It's the only dream you can	Нарру
have – to come out number-one man. He fought it	
out here, and this is where I'm gonna win it for him."	
(Requiem)	





20) In *Death of Salesman*, Miller criticises what American ideal?

Answer: The American Dream



QUIZ QUESTIONS – MULTIPLE CHOICE ANSWERS

1)	Who is the central character of the p	lay?
	a) Happy Loman	c) Biff Loman
	b) Willy Loman	d) Linda Loman
2)	In Act 1, who said the following:	
	"It's a measly manner of existence." mornings in summer. To devote you making phone calls, or selling or bu year for the sake of a two-week vac is to be outdoors, with your shirt off. of the next fella. And still – that's ho a) Willy b) Bernard	ur whole life to keeping stock, or uying. To suffer fifty weeks of the cation, when all you really desire And always to have to get ahead
3)	Name a Shakespearean play that Salesman.	is often compared to Death of a
	a) Hamlet	c) King Lear
	b) King John	d) Macbeth
4)	Name two things that the title Death	n of a Salesman refers to.
	a) Death of American independence	d) Death of American Dream
	b) Death of Willy	e) Death of Linda
	c) Death of Biff	f) Death of American
		prosperity
5)	As Willy hides from the realities of h conversations, Miller develops the t	_
	a) Pride	c) Escape
	b) Jealousy	d) Ambition





6) Who is the force of reason in the Loman family?								
	a) Linda				c) H	appy		
	b) Willy				d) Bi	ff		
7)	The Mistress i	is also refe	rre	d to as _				and
	a) The Female	e, Miss Lett	a	·	c) Th	ne Lady, M	iss .	Jenny
	b) The Woma	n, Miss Fro	ınc	is	d) Th	ne Girl, Mis	s Fo	orsythe
8)	Choose a cha their characte		ı th	e Word E	3ank (and write tl	neir	name next to
			(Characte	r Ban	k		
	Ben	Biff		Нарру		Linda		Willy
	Achieves no Is blindly log Is a petty thi Has unfound Thinks chea	yal: <mark>Linda</mark> ef: <mark>Biff</mark> ded self-co	nfic	lence: H	арру			
9)	Which charac		s a	s a repr	esent	ation of W	√illy	's weakness,
	a) The Mistress				c) The Neighbour			
	b) The Secreto	ary			d) Ti	ne Lawyer		
10)	What does Ch	narley give	Wi	lly every	ı wee	k?		
	a) Work				c) M	oney		
	b) Advice				d) Fo	ood		
11)	Which charac a) Ben b) Bernard	ter exists to	э р	erpetuat	c) H	cycle of se oward appy	elf-d	lestruction?



12) Willy believes that most important t	hing a man can be is
a) Well behaved	c) Well dressed
b) Well liked	d) Well read
13) Ben discovered	_in Africa and as a result became
a	
a) Gold, success	c) Diamonds, millionaire
b) Silver, businessman	d) Platinum, trailblazer
14) Name two purposes served by the 2.	wire recorder Howard uses in Act
a) It establishes Howard's successful financial position.	d) It explains what Howard's business is.
b) It shows off Howard's perfect	
family.	technical knowledge.
c) It demonstrates how	teemmeat informedge.
multitalented Howard is.	
15) Who is Jenny?	
a) Willy's mistress	c) Biff's girlfriend
b) Happy's girlfriend	d) Howard's secretary
16) In Act 2 at the restaurant, Happy ta	lks with the waiter
and is later joined by his girlfriend	
a) Bill, Letta, Jenny	c) Stanley, Miss Forsythe, Letta
b) Ben, Linda, Miss Forsythe	d) Bernard, Jenny, Linda
17) In Act 2, who says "Where's mų stockings, Willy!"?	y stockings? You promised me
a) Linda	c) Jenny
b) The Woman	d) Miss Forsythe



18) At the end of Act 2, Biff tells Willy they are both not special men. He uses the phrase describe their commonness. a) Blessing in disguise c) Fit as a fiddle b) Best of both worlds d) Dime a dozen

19) Draw a line from the name of the person who said the quote to the quote.

Answers:

Quote	Who said it
"He's not the finest character that ever lived. But he's	Linda
a human being, and a terrible thing is happening to	
him. So attention must be paid." (Act 1)	
"No, but it's a business, kid, and everybody's gotta	Howard
pull his own weight." (Act 2)	
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have – to come out number-one man. He fought it out	
here, and this is where I'm gonna win it for him."	
(Requiem)	

- 20) In Death of Salesman, Miller criticises what American ideal?
 - a) The American Dream
- c) The American Pride
- b) The American Spirit d) The American Grit